Gosford Sailing Club Ltd

ABN 64 000 703 462

Annual Report - 30 April 2024

Gosford Sailing Club Ltd Contents 30 April 2024

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The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 April 2024.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Mr. Jan Muysken

Mr. Paul Gulliksen

Mr. Stephen Luther

Mr. Chris Radford

Mr. Anthony Clark (Appointed August 2023)

Mr. John Denton (Appointed August 2023)

Ms. Beverley Small (Appointed August 2023)

Ms. Elisa James (Appointed August 2023)

Ms. Sarah Brennan (Resigned August 2023)

Mr. David Slingsby (Resigned August 2023)

Mr. David Neate (Resigned August 2023)

Objectives

Short Term Objectives

Our short-term objectives are to provide a social sailing and sporting club with all the usual sailing facilities for members and quests. We also aim to maintain profitability to improve the facilities for use by members and quests.

Long Term Objectives

Our long term objective is to promote, manage, conduct and control sailing and racing within the district of Gosford and elsewhere.

Strategy for achieving the objectives

To achieve the objectives outlined above, the company has adopted the following:

- Increase memberships of social and sailing.
- Provide high standard facilities and service to our members and guests.
- Purchase and maintain suitable equipment and facilities to support and promote sailing and the safety of the sailors.
- Continue with the Club's building and renovation program to upgrade the facilities.
- Promotion of the corporate sailing facility.
- Continued employment of a professional sailing manager.

Principal activities

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of the company consisted of:

- promoting and conducting sailing activities for members and guests.
- operation of hospitality services for the benefit of members and their guests.
- conducting the Australian Sailing School Program for members and the wider community.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

Operating Result

The surplus of the company for the financial year was \$147,473 (2023: Surplus \$237,827).

The surplus for the 2024 financial year includes \$223,010 from Hardstand & Marina, \$258,391 from Club gaming activities, \$16,520 from Sailing and Academy, \$101,978 from other income and a deficit from Hospitality and Club operations of \$452,426.

Significant Changes in the year

No other significant changes in the company's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

Events after the reporting period

Construction and renovation works on the downstairs changerooms and the Lift commenced from June 2024.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 April 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Future Developments

The future developments of Gosford Sailing Club Ltd include the following:

- Focus on sound financial trading and cash flow position for the club;
- Continually reviewing and adjusting operational requirements with reference to the increasing trading pressures as a result of increased inflation, and the flow-on effects on the cost of operations, including goods and wages;
- Upgrade the existing downstairs change room and quest facilities and replace the lift;
- Continue to develop the Club's Sailing Academy;
- Pursue the extension of the leased land area for future development of Club facilities and rigging areas; and
- Roof replacement, upgrading bar equipment, and streamlining of processes aided by the integration and upgrading of equipment.

Environmental Issues

The Directors believe the company has complied with all significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Information on directors

Name: Mr. Paul Gulliksen
Qualifications: Retired IT Professional

Special responsibilities: President

Name: Mr. Jan Muysken

Qualifications: Director & Business Advisor, B EC, FCA

Special responsibilities: Treasurer

Name: Mr. Stephen Luther

Qualifications: Private Company Director and Business Owner

Special responsibilities: Director

Name: Mr. Christopher Radford Qualifications: Company Director, MBA

Special responsibilities: Vice President

Name: Mr. Anthony Clark (Appointed August 2023)
Qualifications: B Bus, Dip Financial Planning, AICD

Special responsibilities: Commodore

Name: Mr. John Denton (Appointed August 2023)
Qualifications: Private Company Director and Business Owner

Special responsibilities: Club Captain

Name: Ms. Beverley Small (Appointed August 2023)

Qualifications: Grad. Dip OHS, Masters WHS

Special responsibilities: Director

Name: Ms. Elisa James (Appointed August 2023)

Qualifications: BSW, Grad. Dip Computer Based Learning, GAICD

Special responsibilities: Director

Name: Ms. Sarah Brennan (Resigned August 2023)

Qualifications: Real Estate Agent

Special responsibilities: Director

Name: Mr. David Neate (Resigned August 2023)

Qualifications: Programme Manager, CPPD

Special responsibilities: Commodore

Name: Mr. David Slingsby (Resigned August 2023)

Qualifications: Private Company Director

Special responsibilities: Vice President

Meetings of directors

The number of meetings of the company's Board of Directors ('the Board') held during the year ended 30 April 2024, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Full Bo	ard
	Attended	Held
Mr. Paul Gulliksen	10	10
Mr. Jan Muysken	9	10
Mr. Chris Radford	8	10
Mr. Stephen Luther	10	10
Mr. Anthony Clark (Appointed August 2023)	7	7
Mr. John Denton (Appointed August 2023)	7	7
Ms. Beverley Small (Appointed August 2023)	7	7
Ms. Elisa James (Appointed August 2023)	7	7
Ms. Sarah Brennan (Resigned August 2023)	3	4
Mr. David Neate (Resigned August 2023)	3	3
Mr. David Slingsby (Resigned August 2023)	3	3

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office.

Contributions on winding up

In the event of the company being wound up, the constitution states that members are required to contribute \$2 each towards meeting the outstanding obligations of the Club.

Total number of members at the end of the financial year is 4,714 (2023: 5,868), including 792 sailing members.

Dividends

The Corporations Law prohibits a Company Limited by Guarantee from paying dividends.

Share in Companies

The company does not hold shares in any related company or corporation.

Indemnifying Officer

During the year, the Company effected a Directors & Officer's liability policy. The insurance policy provides cover for the Directors named in this report, the company secretary, officers and former Directors & Officers of the company.

This policy prohibits the disclosure of the nature of the Indemnification and the insurance cover, and the amount of the premium.

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an auditor of the company.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Mr. Paul Gulliksen

Director

9 July 2024

Mr. Jan Muysken

Director



ALL CORRESPONDENCE PO Box 3686 Tuggerah NSW 2259

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T: (02) 4314 8020

ABN: 98 159 109 305

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S DECLARATION TO THE MEMBERS OF GOSFORD SAILING CLUB LIMITED

We hereby declare that to the best of our knowledge and belief during the year ended 30 April 2024

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Name of Firm Bishop Collins Audit Pty Ltd

Chartered Accountants

Name of Registered Company Auditor Martin Le Marchant

Auditor's Registration No. 431227

Address Suite 6, 6 Reliance Drive Tuggerah NSW 2259

Dated 9 July 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GOSFORD SAILING CLUB LIMITED

Auditor's Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Gosford Sailing Club Limited which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 April 2024, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the financial report of Gosford Sailing Club Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 April 2024 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2 "Going Concern" of the financial report, and specifically to the "Marina facility" disclosure in Note 2 of the financial report, which describes uncertainty related to the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will be able to pay its debts including the marina deposits as and when they fall due and realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business at the amounts stated in the financial report. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.







Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the clubs ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the club or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Name of Firm

Bishop Collins Audit Pty Ltd
Chartered Accountants

Name of Registered Company Auditor

Martin Le Marchant

Auditor's Registration No. 431227

Address Suite 6, 6 Reliance Drive Tuggerah NSW 2259

Dated 9 July 2024

Gosford Sailing Club Ltd Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 April 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue	4	3,949,316	3,619,449
Other income	5	101,978	74,237
Expenses		(4.405.400)	(4.400.500)
Cost of goods sold		(1,195,189)	(1,126,583)
Add the strain of the strain o		(23,200)	(23,000)
Advertising expenses Employment expenses		(9,315) (1,589,860)	(2,705) (1,215,682)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	27	(280,290)	(308,920)
Entertainment expenses	21	(3,055)	(3,545)
Boat and sailing expenses		(66,830)	(57,594)
Cleaning expenses		(64,014)	(63,403)
Utilities expenses		(105,114)	(85,730)
Finance costs	27	(43,399)	(51,768)
Insurance expenses		(149,778)	(120,006)
Rates and taxes expense		(12,789)	(11,881)
Repairs and maintenance expenses	28	(133,402)	(158,821)
Security expenses		(14,356)	(9,497)
Subscriptions and licences expenses		(42,676)	(54,416)
Computer expenses		(26,834)	(27,755)
Presentation and sailing drinks expenses		(5,757)	(8,606)
Sponsorship expenses		(5,027)	(5,027)
Other expenses	-	(132,936)	(120,920)
Surpluses before income tax expense		147,473	237,827
Income tax expense	-		
Surpluses after income tax expense for the year	26	147,473	237,827
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-		
Total comprehensive income for the year	=	147,473	237,827

Gosford Sailing Club Ltd Statement of financial position As at 30 April 2024

Current assets		Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash and cash equivalents 6 440,079 288,573 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 7 185,462 185,462 Trade and other receivables 8 17,965 113,700 Inventories 9 33,008 37,210 Other deposits 10 42,815 5,000 Total current assets 719,329 639,945 Non-current assets 750 750 Shares in unlisted companies 750 750 Property, plant and equipment 11 2,171,885 2,313,050 Right-of-use assets 12 735,763 796,073 Intangibles 13 144,902 144,902 Work in progress 14 61,715 54,666 Total non-current assets 3,343,344 3,949,386 Total recent liabilities 15 150,484 293,601 Marina deposits 15 150,484 293,601 Marina deposits 16 97,500 304,900 Other 17 294,968 352,510	Assets			
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Reserves 25 240,000 120,000 Retained surpluses 26 1,924,040 1,896,567	Equity			
Retained surpluses 26 1,924,040 1,896,567		25	240,000	120,000
Total equity	Retained surpluses			1,896,567
	Total equity	<u>.</u>	2,164,040	2,016,567

Gosford Sailing Club Ltd Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 April 2024

	Marina reserve \$	Accumulated surpluses \$	Total equity
Balance at 1 May 2022	-	1,778,740	1,778,740
Surpluses after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		237,827	237,827
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	237,827	237,827
Establishment transfer	120,000	(120,000)	
Balance at 30 April 2023	120,000	1,896,567	2,016,567
	Marina reserve \$	Accumulated surpluses	Total equity
Balance at 1 May 2023	reserve		Total equity \$ 2,016,567
Balance at 1 May 2023 Surpluses after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	reserve \$	surpluses \$	\$
Surpluses after income tax expense for the year	reserve \$	surpluses \$ 1,896,567	\$ 2,016,567
Surpluses after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	reserve \$	1,896,567 147,473	\$ 2,016,567 147,473

Gosford Sailing Club Ltd Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 April 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST) Payments to suppliers (inclusive of GST)		4,239,420 (3,898,867)	3,426,530 (3,132,935)
Interest received Interest and other finance costs paid Government grants received		340,553 2,060 (3)	293,595 - (3,486) 185,462
Net cash from operating activities	35	342,610	475,571
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant and equipment	11	(118,136)	(122,790)
Net cash used in investing activities		(118,136)	(122,790)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings		20,205 (103,173)	- (70,763 <u>)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		(82,968)	(70,763)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		141,506 484,035	282,018 202,017
Cash and cash equivalents (including restricted cash and cash equivalents) at the end of the financial year	6,7	625,541	484,035

Note 1. General information

The financial statements cover Gosford Sailing Club Ltd (a company limited by guarantee) as an individual entity. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Gosford Sailing Club Ltd's functional and presentation currency.

Gosford Sailing Club Ltd is a not-for-profit unlisted public company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business are 28 Masons Parade, Gosford NSW 2250.

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 9 July 2024. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies that are material to the company are set out below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB'), the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for not-for profit oriented entities.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 3.

Going Concern

As at 30 April 2024, the company's current assets (\$719,329) exceed its current liabilities (\$688,706) by \$30,623 (2023: deficit of \$439,357). EBITDA of 12% has been achieved in the financial year (2023: 16%) with the Club continuing to strive for in excess of the industry benchmark for success, being 15%. The liquidity ratio is currently above 1, while historically the Club's liquidity ratio has been below 1 which represents a risk to the Club's ability to meet its current obligations as and when they fall due and payable.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Notwithstanding this, the directors have prepared the financial report on a going concern basis which contemplates the realisation of assets and the extinguishment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The directors consider the going concern basis appropriate in consideration of the following:

- Obligations of the Club, including that creditors and financiers are being met in accordance with their normal payment terms;
- The Club has entered into unsecured loans with the members. The terms of the loans include repayment in 3 years time;
- Since the creation of the marina facility, the Club held the initial security deposits for 29 berths. In 2014, the Club has adopted an alternate berthing agreement the terms of which include the reduction of the liability of the held deposits and the Club becoming the Licence holder of relinquished berths as they become available. As at the date of this report, Gosford Sailing Club Limited has acquired 21 out of 29 berths. The remaining 8 original marina security deposit liability equates to \$264,500 (including monthly berth deposits of \$4,000) split between current (\$97,500) and non-current (\$167,000) liabilities at 30 April 2024 (refer notes 16 and 21). The 21 acquired berths' licence fee balance of \$89,420 as at 30 April 2024 is recognised as other current liabilities (refer to Note 16 & 17). This does not represent a value for all berths held by the Club, as there is a number of berths for which no "deposit" has been received, with payments on monthly terms;
- It is not anticipated that employee entitlements of \$41,885 will be extinguished by 30 April 2025;
- \$185,462 recorded as an other current liability relates to a grant received in advance, with funds are to be utilised in the 2024 financial year as part of the ongoing downstairs club redevelopment;
- The Club has benefited from the continued financial support of members; and
- The Club is exploring its strategic options for the long-term financial viability and longevity of the Club.

The board is of the opinion that the going concern basis for preparation of this financial report is appropriate.

Revenue recognition

The company recognises revenue as follows:

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the company: identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

Revenue from the rendering of a good or service is recognised upon the delivery of the good or service to customers.

Gaming machine revenue is stated net of payouts.

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Commissions and sailing revenue are recorded on a cash basis when received.

Membership income is recognised on a proportional basis in comparison to the future costs associated with the income.

Marina and sailing revenue is recognised upon receipt, and on the terms of each berthing agreement signed with a release of funds held in advance quarterly to the profit and loss.

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Comparatives

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Income tax

As the company is a club established for the encouragement of a sport in terms of subsection 50-45 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts also form part of cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows and are presented within current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Customer acquisition costs

Customer acquisition costs are capitalised as an asset where such costs are incremental to obtaining a contract with a customer and are expected to be recovered. Customer acquisition costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract.

Costs to obtain a contract that would have been incurred regardless of whether the contract was obtained or which are not otherwise recoverable from a customer are expensed as incurred to profit or loss. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract where the contract term is less than one year is immediately expensed to profit or loss.

Inventories

Stock on hand is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Investments and other financial assets

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met: (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and (ii) the contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Impairment of financial assets

The company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the company's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding expense through profit or loss. In all other cases, the loss allowance reduces the asset's carrying value with a corresponding expense through profit or loss.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are initially recognised on the cost basis, including acquisition charges associated with the financial assets. The carrying amounts of financial assets are reviewed annually by the directors. The recoverable amounts are assessed from the quoted market value for shares in listed companies or the underlying net assets for other non listed corporations. The expected net cash flows from investments have not been discounted to their present value in determining the recoverable amounts, unless otherwise stated.

Property, plant and equipment

The company has an occupancy lease from the Department of Primary Industries, Catchments and Lands which commenced on 22 June 1998. The Department has granted a lease period of 40 years from that date.

The cost of improvements to or on leasehold properties is amortised over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements, which is shorter. The land on which the Clubhouse is built is on perpetual lease with 17 years remaining.

The company holds another lease agreement with the Department of Primary Industries, Catchments and Land over the land on which the marina is situated on. The lease period is over 31 years commencing on 1 June 2007.

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets' employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the company includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment (excluding land) over their expected useful lives as follows:

Building renovations 40 years Club boats and motors 2-10 years Gaming machines 1-8 years Furniture and fittings 5-10 years Plant and equipment 5-10 years Floor coverings 10 years Kitchen improvements 5 years Kitchen equipment 5 years Marina leasehold improvements 30 years

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the company expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The company has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

Intangible assets

Gaming machine entitlements

Gaming machine entitlements are recorded at cost and have been recorded as intangible assets in the balance sheet.

The Club has determined that the intangible assets, gaming machine entitlements, have an indefinite useful life. The reason being that there is no time frame for the entitlements to be handed back. The entitlements have been in place since 1 July 2000 and there is no indication of the entitlement being lost.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Finance costs

Finance costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the asset. All other finance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Superannuation

Contributions are made by the entity to an employee superannuation fund and are charged as expenses when incurred. The entity has no legal obligation to provide benefits to employees on retirement.

Marina deposits

Since the creation of the marina facility, the club held the initial security deposits for 29 berths. In 2014, the club adopted an alternate berthing agreement which over time reduces the liability of the held deposits and incorporates the club becoming the License holder of relinquished berths as they become available. As at the date of this report, Gosford Sailing Club Limited has acquired 21 out of 29 berths. The remaining 8 original marina security deposit liability equates to \$264,500 (including monthly berth deposits of \$4,000) split between current (\$97,500) and non-current (\$167,000) liabilities at 30 April 2024 (refer notes 16 and 21). The 21 acquired berths' licence fee balance of \$89,420 as at 30 April 2024 is recognised as other current liabilities (refer to Note 17). This does not represent a value for all berths held by the Club, as there is a number of berths for which no "deposit" has been received, with payments on monthly terms.

Marina Reserve

In the 2023 financial year, the Club introduced a new reserves policy relating to the marina. The marina reserve is established to separately recognise the estimated minimum maintenance and other repair costs in a given financial year. The amount recognised in the reserve is done so once appropriated through profit or loss. It is envisaged amounts recognised in the reserve will occur in future annual reports from 30 April 2023.

Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

Note 3. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Tax exemption

The Club is expecting the income tax exemption under Section 50-45 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 to continue.

Provision for impairment of inventories

The provision for impairment of inventories assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. The level of the provision is assessed by taking into account the recent sales experience, the ageing of inventories and other factors that affect inventory obsolescence.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The company assesses impairment of property, plant and equipment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Employee benefits provision

As discussed in note 2, the liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

Department of Primary Industries, Catchments and Lands lease

The buildings and marina of the Club are situated on land leased from the Department of Primary Industries, Catchments and Lands. The current lease agreement is due to expire in 2038 and is anticipated to be extended for a further 40 years by the Board and the NSW Government.

Note 4. Revenue

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue		
Bar	1,097,257	1,063,686
Boatshed bar and café	217,968	224,205
Bistro	1,691,319	1,412,866
Sailing memberships and income	198,489	154,351
Marina income	333,217	296,309
Gaming takings and commissions	318,286	380,124
Room hire	40,845	30,164
	3,897,381	3,561,705
Other revenue		
Membership fees - social	38,210	44,731
Other revenue	13,725	13,013
	51,935	57,744
Revenue	3,949,316	3,619,449
Note 5. Other income		
	2024	2022
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Other stimulus write-back		\$
Insurance claims received	\$ 99,918 -	\$ - 73,670
	\$	\$
Insurance claims received	\$ 99,918 -	\$ - 73,670
Insurance claims received Interest received Other income	\$ 99,918 - 2,060	\$ 73,670 567
Insurance claims received Interest received	\$ 99,918 - 2,060	\$ 73,670 567
Insurance claims received Interest received Other income	\$ 99,918 - 2,060	\$ 73,670 567
Insurance claims received Interest received Other income	\$ 99,918 - 2,060 - 101,978	\$ 73,670 567 74,237
Insurance claims received Interest received Other income	\$ 99,918 2,060 101,978	\$ 73,670 567 74,237
Insurance claims received Interest received Other income Note 6. Current assets - cash and cash equivalents	\$ 99,918 - 2,060 - 101,978 - 2024 \$	73,670 567 74,237 2023
Insurance claims received Interest received Other income Note 6. Current assets - cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand and at bank	\$ 99,918 - 2,060 - 101,978 - 2024 \$	73,670 567 74,237 2023
Insurance claims received Interest received Other income Note 6. Current assets - cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand and at bank	\$ 99,918 2,060 101,978 2024 \$ 440,079	\$ 73,670 567 74,237 2023 \$ 298,573
Insurance claims received Interest received Other income Note 6. Current assets - cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand and at bank	\$ 99,918 2,060 101,978 2024 \$ 440,079	\$ 73,670 567 74,237 2023 \$ 298,573

The Club is holding \$185,462 at 30 April 2024 relating to government grant funding not yet utilised. See note 17 in regard to the current liability held for the grant.

30 April 2024		
Note 8. Current assets - trade and other receivables		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Trade receivables	17,965	34,603
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	17,965	(6,154) 28,449
Splinter insurance claim receivable	<u>-</u>	73,670
GST receivable		11,581
	17,965	113,700
Note 9. Current assets - inventories		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Bar stock	33,008	37,210
Note 10. Current assets - other deposits		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Prepayments Other deposits Boat purchase - Calypso	4,449 6,093 32,273	5,000 -
	42,815	5,000
Note 11. Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment		
Note 11: Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment	2024 \$	2023 \$
Clubhouse leasehold improvements and office renovation - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	2,510,520 (1,149,269) 1,361,251	2,510,520 (1,061,182) 1,449,338
Marina leasehold improvements - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	976,191 (404,054) 572,137	976,191 (372,587) 603,604
Plant and equipment - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	1,358,171 (1,165,094) 193,077	1,280,455 (1,101,382) 179,073
Club boats and motors - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	442,199 (407,000)	441,099 (389,274) 51,825
Gaming machines - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	35,199 457,414 (447,193) 10,221	457,414 (428,204) 29,210

2,171,885

2,313,050

Note 11. Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment (continued)

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Reconciliations of the written do	own values at the	beginning and	end of the curre	nt financial yea	r are set out belo	w:
	Clubhouse Leasehold Improvements	Marina Leasehold Improvements	Plant & Equipment	Club Boats & Motors	Gaming Machines	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 May 2023 Additions	1,449,338	603,604	179,073 77,715	51,825 1,100	29,210	2,313,050 78,815
Depreciation expense	(88,087)	(31,467)	(63,711)	(17,726)	(18,989)	(219,980)
Balance at 30 April 2024	1,361,251	572,137	193,077	35,199	10,221	2,171,885
Note 12. Non-current assets -	right-of-use as	sets				
					2024 \$	2023 \$
Right-of-use assets - Land and Less: Accumulated depreciation					1,025,877 (290,114)	1,025,877 (229,804)
				=	735,763	796,073
Reconciliations Reconciliations of the written do	own values at the	beginning and e	end of the curre	nt financial yea	r are set out belo	w:
					Right-of-Use Assets \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 May 2023 Depreciation expense					796,073 (60,310)	796,073 (60,310)
Balance at 30 April 2024				<u> </u>	735,763	735,763
Note 13. Non-current assets -	intangibles					
					2024 \$	2023 \$
Gaming machine entitlements				=	144,902	144,902
Reconciliations Reconciliations of the written do	own values at the	beginning and e	end of the curre	nt financial yea	r are set out belo	w:
					Gaming Machine Entitlements \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 May 2023						
•				-	144,902	144,902

Impairment recorded on the gaming machine entitlements in financial year 2023: \$nil (2022: \$nil).

Note 14. Non-current assets - work in progress

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Work in progress - Lift	61,715	54,666
Reconciliation Reconciliation of the fair values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:		
Opening balance Additions	54,666 7,049	54,666
Closing balance	61,715	54,666
Note 15. Current liabilities - trade and other payables		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Trade payables Sundry creditors and accruals GST Payable	81,557 47,788 21,139	103,763 189,838 -
	150,484	293,601
Note 16. Current liabilities - marina deposits		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Marina deposits	97,500	304,900

Marina deposits relate to funds held by the club for long-term utilisation of 8 berths by members (2023: 9 berths) along with \$4,000 held for berth holders on monthly terms. Three (3) berths are classified as current at 30 April 2024, with five (5) berths classified as non-current at 30 April 2024 following receipt of confirmations approving amendment to the terms of the berth agreement with the berth holders.

Note 17. Current liabilities - other

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Membership income in advance	19,836	23,194
Marina Berthing liabilities Unearned CUB rebate	89,420 -	127,638 15,216
Refundable deposits Grants in advance	250 185.462	1,000 185,462
Crane in advance		
	294,968	352,510
Note 18. Current liabilities - borrowings		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Hire purchase equipment	24,280	18,713

Note 19. Current liabilities - lease liabilities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Lease liability - Land and Marina	79,589	79,589
Note 20. Current liabilities - employee benefits		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Annual leave Long service leave	30,882 11,003	20,741 9,248
	41,885	29,989
Note 21. Non-current liabilities - marina deposits		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Marina deposits	167,000	_

Marina deposits relate to funds held by the club for long-term utilisation of 8 berths by members (2023: 9 berths) along with \$4,000 held for berth holders on monthly terms. Three (3) berths are classified as current at 30 April 2024, with five (5) berths classified as non-current at 30 April 2024 following receipt of confirmations approving amendment to the terms of the berth agreement with the berth holders.

Note 22. Non-current liabilities - borrowings

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Loans - unsecured	60,000	60,000
Total secured liabilities The total secured liabilities (current and non-current) are as follows:		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Hire purchase	24,280	18,713

Hire purchase liabilities are effectively secured as the rights to the leased assets, recognised in the statement of financial position, revert to the lessor in the event of default.

Note 22. Non-current liabilities - borrowings (continued)

The total unsecured liabilities (current and non-current) are as follows:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Loans - unsecured	60,000	60,000

In the prior year, unsecured loans from members and directors were entered into at a rate of 4.25% per annum. Interest is payable on the loan calculated on the daily balance of the loan on the basis of a 365 day year. The club pays the interest in arrears on the repayment date. The principal is repayable on 3 year terms. An accrual for the interest liability is provided for in each year's financial statements.

Note 23. Non-current liabilities - lease liabilities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Lease liability - Land and Marina	743,398	788,537
Note 24. Non-current liabilities - employee benefits		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Long service leave	11,200	4,980
Note 25. Equity - reserves		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Marina reserve	240,000	120,000
Note 26. Equity - retained surpluses		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Retained surpluses at the beginning of the financial year Surpluses after income tax expense for the year Transfer to marina reserve	1,896,567 147,473 (120,000)	1,778,740 237,827 (120,000)
Retained surpluses at the end of the financial year	1,924,040	1,896,567

Note 27. Depreciation and finance costs

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Depreciation Property, plant and equipment Right of use assets - Land and Marina	219,980 60,310	248,462 60,458
Total depreciation	280,290	308,920
	2024	2023
Finance costs Finance expense Lease liability finance expense - Land and Marina	3 43,396	5,069 46,699
Total finance costs Note 28. Repairs and maintenance	43,399	51,768
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Summary of repairs and maintenance expenditure Clubhouse Sailing and Marina	105,491 27,911	67,969 90,852
	133,402	158,821

Note 29. Key management personnel disclosures

Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to key management personnel of the company is set out below:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Aggregate compensation	127,291	184,030

Note 30. Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

Relatives of Stephen Luther (Director) and Chris Radford (Director) are employed by the Club in the current and prior year and received remuneration for services in accordance with the national award.

Stephen Luther has provided professional electrician services to the Company from time to time on commercial terms.

Some Directors of the Club have boat storage and marina berthing agreements with the Club. All transactions are completed on commercial terms.

Note 30. Related party transactions (continued)

Receivable from and payable to related parties

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current payables D. Slingsby Marina Berth D. Rowe Marina Berth	- -	30,100 38,400
Non - Current payables: J. Denton Marina Berth	29,600	-

- D. Slingsby has held a berth deposit since 2007.
- D. Rowe has held a berth deposit since 2012.
- J. Denton has held a berth deposit since 2007.

Mr. Denton was appointed to the Board in August 2023.

Messrs. Slingsby and Rowe resigned from the board in August 2023.

Loans to/from related parties

Unsecured loan principal balance from Directors at 30 April 2024:

\$nil.

Directors Expenditure

The Directors note that the total director expenses have exceeded the value formally approved at the AGM by \$1,072 for the reimbursement, refreshment and further education of directors for the 2024 year.

Terms and conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

Note 31. Auditor's remuneration

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Audit services provided by Bishop Collins Audit Pty Ltd	23,200	23,000

Note 32. Events after the reporting period

Construction and renovation works on the downstairs changerooms and the Lift commenced from June 2024.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 April 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 33. Core and non-core property

In accordance with provisions under section 41J(2) of the Registered Club Act, the directors have classified the following assets as core property of the Company:

The Clubhouse

The Marina

The core properties listed above are situated on land leased by the Department of Primary Industries, Catchments and Lands.

There has been no non-core property identified by the company.

Note 34. Members' Guarantee

The company is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is to contribute a maximum of \$2 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the company. As at 30 April 2024 the number of members was 4,714 (2023: 5,868), including 792 sailing members.

Note 35. Reconciliation of surpluses after income tax to net cash from operating activities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Surpluses after income tax expense for the year	147,473	237,827
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	280,290	308,920
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	9,534
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	95,735	(79,394)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	4,202	(3,427)
Increase in other operating assets	(5,543)	-
Decrease in trade and other payables	(143,117)	(128,638)
Increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	18,116	(25,503)
Increase/(decrease) in other operating liabilities	(54,546)	156,252
Net cash from operating activities	342,610	475,571

Gosford Sailing Club Ltd Directors' declaration 30 April 2024

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Australian Accounting Standards
 Simplified Disclosures, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 April 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Mr. Paul Gulliksen

Director

9 July 2024

Mr. Jan Muysken

Director